THE VILLAGE WALK COMMUNITY

WELLNESS CLINIC

Brought to you by:



Meet Damian & Meghann



- Damian 25 years of professional experience in the health & wellness, rehabilitation field
 - Clinical Neuroscience Researcher, Educator,
 Physiotherapist
 - Clinical Exercise Physiologist, Kinesiologist,
 Corrective Exercise Specialist
 - o BS, MSK, MSEd, PhD
- Meghann 18 years of experience as a Biology and Science educator
 - Extensive background in bioenergetics, metabolism, and nutrition
 - First-hand knowledge of the healing power of food

OUR MISSION: BUILD A COMMUNITY OF HEALTH FOR OUR NEIGHBORS

Because physical and emotional health are paramount to our quality of life, and the success of our communities, we have embarked upon a journey to build a family of neighbors dedicated to bringing our community members a lifetime of health and wellness. By doing this, we can inspire and motivate those who need our support.



Talking Points



Health vs.
Wellness What's the
difference?

Health simply refers to a physical body being free from disease



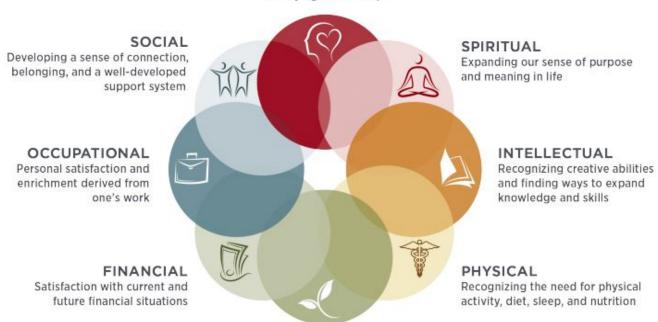
Wellness is not the absence of disease, illness, or stress, but instead the presence of:

- Optimal physical and behavioral health
- Purpose in life
- Active involvement in satisfying work
- Joyful relationships
- Happiness

8 Dimensions of Wellness

EMOTIONAL

Coping effectively with life and creating satisfying relationships



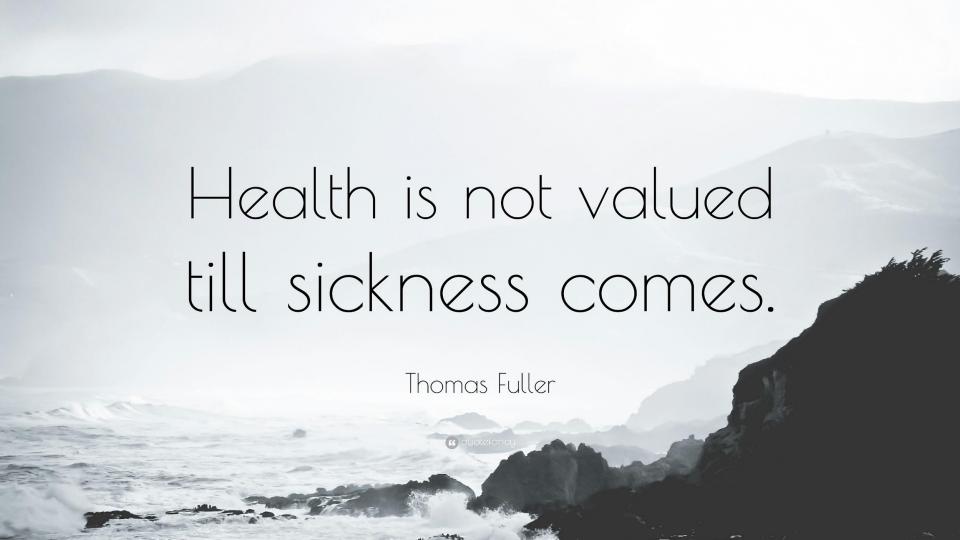
ENVIRONMENTAL

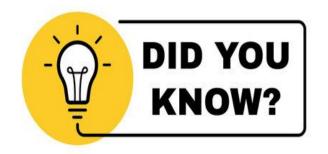
Good health by occupying pleasant, stimulating environments that support well-being

Wellness should be proactive

NOT reactive







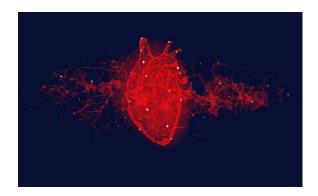
About eighty percent of the food on shelves of supermarkets today did not exist 100 years ago.

...ironically, roughly eighty percent of the modern diseases treated by physicians today did not exist 100 years ago.

Male Death: Common Causes

Female Death: Common Causes

10 Common Chronic **Conditions Affecting Older Adults**



With these kinds of odds you might wonder if there is anything you can do to prevent the onset of a chronic medical condition, or make managing an existing one easier.

The answer is yes.

10 Common Chronic Conditions for Adults 65+

QUICK FACTS





have 2 or more chronic



Hypertension (High Blood Pressure) 58%



High Cholesterol 47%



Arthritis 31%



Ischemic/Coronary **Heart Disease** 29%



Diabetes 27%



Chronic Kidney Disease

18%



Heart Failure

14%



Depression 14%



Alzheimer's Disease and Dementia

11%



Chronic Obstructive **Pulmonary Disease**

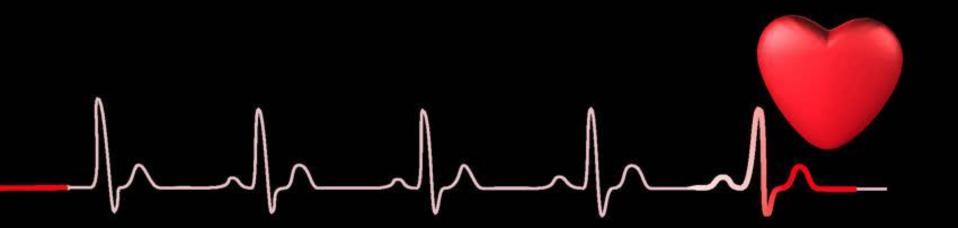
11%

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Chronic Conditions Prevalence State/County Table: All Fee-for-Service Beneficiaries.

© 2021 National Council on Aging



See if you notice a trend in the preventative measures and treatment for these chronic conditions...



- → 11% of older adults (6.6m)

 currently being treated for

 Alzheimer's Disease or

 another form of Dementia
- → Condition that causes
 memory loss and difficulty
 thinking or problem solving
 to the point it interferes with
 everyday activities
- Not part of the normal aging process, but caused by changes in the brain over time

Alzheimer's Disease & Dementia

Preventative Measures

Exercise – staying active isn't just good for your heart, but also great for your brain



Sleep - at least 7 hours a night is crucial for brain health



Proper Nutrition - processed foods and trans fats have a negative effect on your brain



- → Affects 14% (8.4m) of older adults
- → Heart cannot adequately supply blood & oxygen to all of the organs of the body





Heart Failure

Preventative Measures

Physical Activity



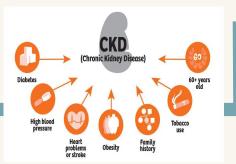




Proper Nutrition



- → Impacts 18% (10.8m) of older adults
- → Increased risk for heart disease or kidney failure
- Strong correlation with diabetes and high blood pressure



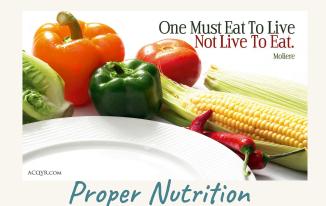


Chronic Kidney Disease

Preventative Measures

Physical Activity

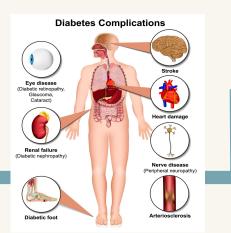




Stress Reduction



- → 27% (16.2m) of older adults are currently being treated
- Can lead to complications such as kidney disease, heart disease, or blindness

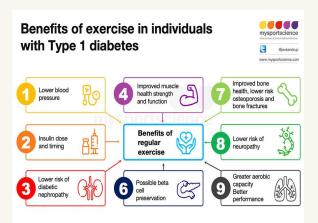




Diabetes

Preventative Measures

Exercise – for 30 minutes, 5 times/week to help keep blood glucose levels in check and to control weight gain





Proper Nutrition -

monitoring your carbohydrate & calorie intake

- → Greater than 29% (17.4m) of older adults are treated each year
- → Build-up of plaque in arteries narrow or block oxygen-rich blood delivered to the heart
- Can cause complications such as blood clots, angina, or heart attack
- → High cholesterol and hypertension are major risk factors

Ischemic (Coronary) Heart Disease

Preventative Measures

Regular Cardiovascular





Abstain from Smoking



Proper Nutrition -

refrain from
saturated and trans
fats and limit sugar
intake





Sleep - at least 7 hours a night

- → 31% (18.6) of older adults are impacted
- → Inflammation around joints, which cause pain and stiffness
- Typically brought on by injury or metabolic waste from processed foods





Arthritis

Preventative Measures

Exercise – for 30 minutes, 5
times/week to improve function
and decrease pain (mixture of
aerobic/structural exercises and
stretching movements)

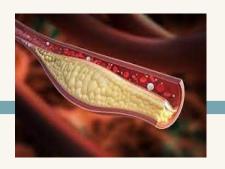






Proper Nutrition - to
maintain a healthy weight

- → 47% (28.2) of older adults are treated for dyslipidemia
- Occurs when your body has excess LDL's and few HDL's resulting in arteries being clogged
- → Can lead to heart disease





High Cholesterol

Preventative Measures



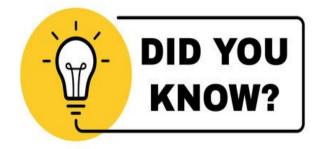
Being active each day to manage weight





Proper Nutrition -

moderating saturated fat intake and avoiding trans fats





Cinnamon.

It's one we often save for baking, but cinnamon is a spice to incorporate on a regular basis. Research on cinnamon's anti-inflammatory effects suggest that the spice can play a therapeutic role in lowering blood sugar, reducing cholesterol, managing neurodegenerative diseases, and slowing the proliferation of some cancers.

- → 58% (34.8m) of older adults are treated for high blood pressure
- → Condition restricting your cardiac output due to resistance from your arteries (atherosclerosis or arteriosclerosis)
- Can lead to serious health conditions such as stroke or heart attack



Hypertension

Preventative Measures

Daily Exercise - including aerobic activities, flexibility training, and structural exercise





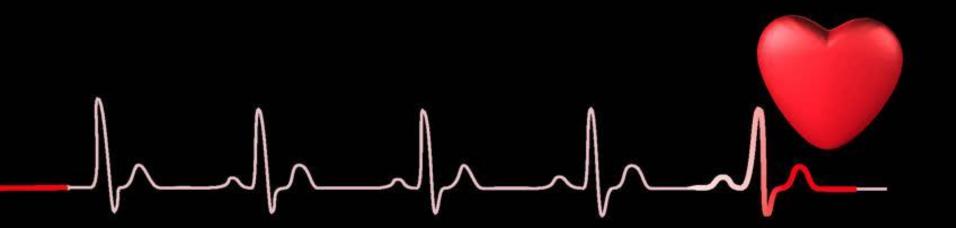
Proper Nutrition - to maintain a healthy weight / limit sodium & alcohol intake

Check Blood Pressure Regularly





What trend did you notice in preventative measures and treatment?

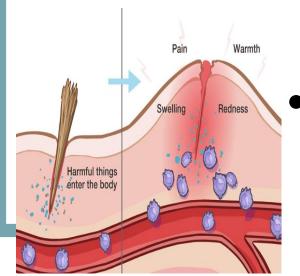


ITSNOTONE GIANT STEP THAT DOES IT. IT'S LOTS OF LITTLE STEPS.

One thing ALL of these conditions have in common is ... INFLAMMATION



What is acute inflammation?



Acute Inflammation is your body's defense system

When there is an infection, sprain, or cut platelets are sent to the damaged area followed by white blood cells. These white blood cells act as the "clean-up crew" sweeping up debris (bacteria), toxins, and broken proteins from damaged tissues.

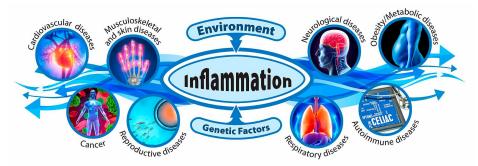
Redness, swelling, warmth, and pain are signs that you body is fighting a bad guy, walling off your injury or infection, fostering healing.

What is *chronic* inflammation?

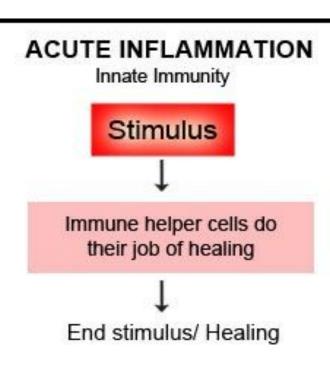


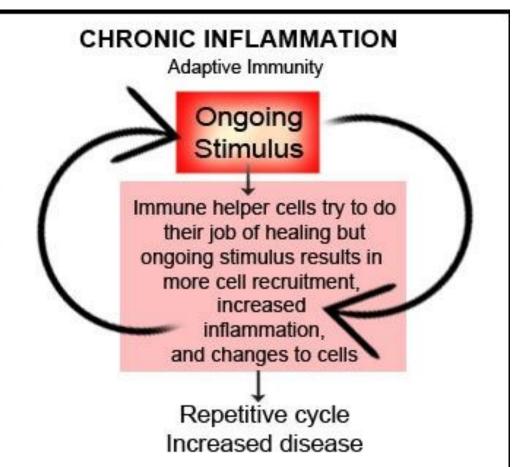
Chronic Inflammation is a quiet killer

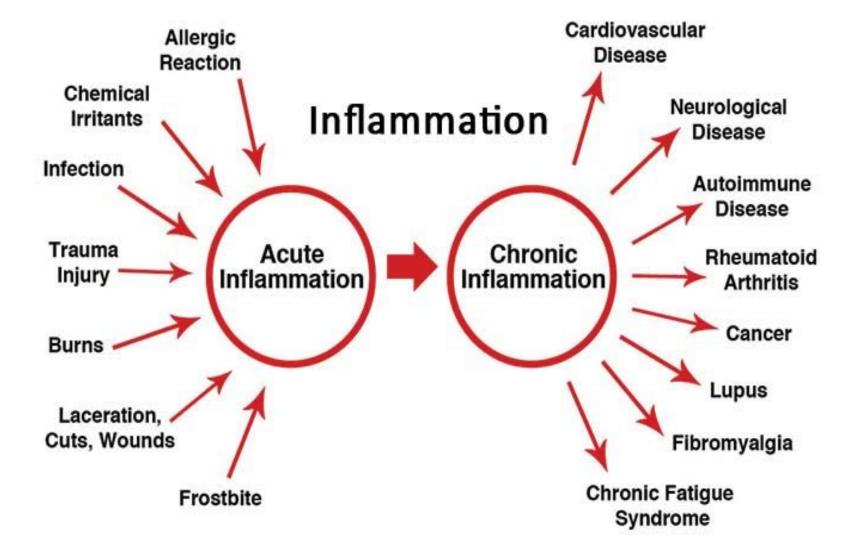
- Also called "systemic" inflammation
- White blood cells and their chemical messengers remain on high alert at a low level, causing quiet, but persistent damage that can lead to other diseases
- More than half of all deaths worldwide can be attributed to an inflammation-related disease.







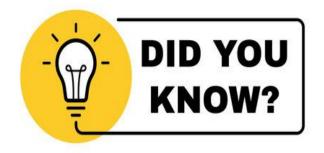




It's about balance...

Think about what you GIVE your body versus what you TAKE. If there's an imbalance between these two things, that can trigger INFLAMMATION.







Ginger.

Ginger isn't just for relieving unsettled stomachs and the common cold. In fact, ginger is rich in inflammation-fighting compounds, such as gingerols, which may reduce the aches of osteoarthritis and soothe sore muscles.

Workshop Session Focus



We have complimentary
literature on each topic we
will be discussing. If you
have any questions or would
like further information,
please reach out!





Reducing Chronic Inflammation



- ✓ Meditate → reduce cortisol (stress hormone)
- ✓ Eat more probiotics
 → healthy gut promotes digestion
- ✓ **Get more omega-3's** → healthy fats (fish, nuts, olive oil...)
- ✓ Limit alcohol intake → 1 drink/day (women) 2 drinks/day (men)
- \checkmark Form a healthy nighttime routine \rightarrow herbal tea, no phone, read
- \checkmark Eat the rainbow \rightarrow antioxidants found in fruits/vegetables
- ✓ Add spices → antioxidants (paprika, turmeric, ginger, garlic...)
- ✓ Eat fewer inflammatory foods
 → avoid processed meats/sugar





Chronic Joint Pain



✓ Keep it Moving →

- Staying active is the best prescription to relieve joint pain
- Decreases pain and stiffness due to increase blood flow

✓ Therapy →

• Can help strengthen the muscles around the joint, stabilize the joint, correct muscle imbalances, improve range of motion, and provide relief through various soft tissue therapies

✓ Alternative Treatments →

Pain relief has been shown to come via yoga, meditation, and acupuncture

✓ Temperature Contrast Therapy →

Should you use ice or heat?

WHEN TO USE



COLD

A heat pack is ideal for chronic or arthritic pain e.g. joint pain, osteoarthritic knees or neck pain that isn't caused by an immediate injury.

So, if you suffer a flare-up of an existing condition and are in significant pain, treat it as an acute injury. A cold pack is most effective for acute injuries.
Acute injuries are new injuries with swelling, pain or muscle spasms, such as a spasm in your neck, an ankle sprain, injury to your back or sharp pain.

Acute injuries are most commonly treated with cold therapy for the first 48 to 72 hours





How long should you keep the ice on?



"CBAN" = COLD, BURN, ACHE, NUMB

Contrast Therapy: used to reduce inflammation and help create better circulation near injuries or areas of chronic pain







✓ Keep Your Mind Active →

 Studies suggest that reading books, creative writing, and learning a new skill or hobby may protect the brain become more adaptable

✓ Stay Connected →

 Participating in social activities and community programs can keep your brain active and lower your risk for cognitive decline

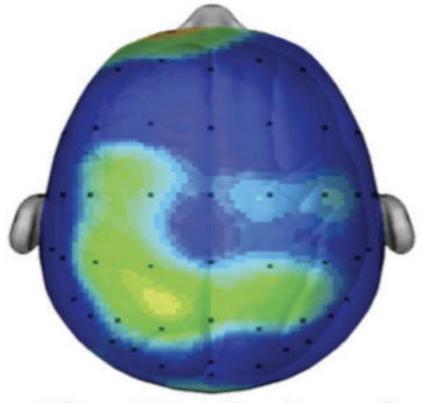
✓ Medicines →

 Research has shown that antihistamines, sleep aids, antipsychotics, and muscle relaxants my contribute to cognitive decline

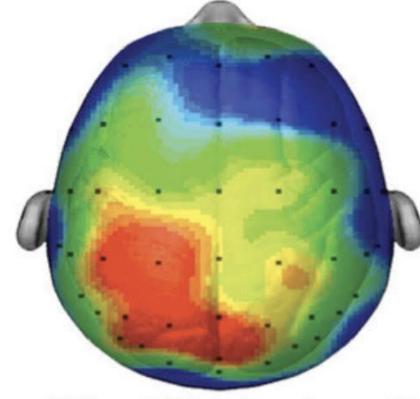
✓ Physical Activity →

- Studies link ongoing physical activity with several benefits for the brain and cognition
- Aerobic exercise is thought to increase brain glucose metabolism, which may reduce risk for developing cognitive impairment





After 20 minutes of sitting quietly



After 20 minutes of walking

Research/scan compliments of Dr. Chuck Hillman, University of Illinois

5 FOODS LINKED TO

BETTER BRAINPOWER

GREEN VEGGIES



Leafy greens such as kale, spinach, collards, and broccoli are rich in brainhealthy nutrients like vitamin k, lutein, folate, and beta carotene. Research suggests these plant-based foods may help slow cognitive decline.

FATTY FISH



2. Fatty fish are abundant sources of omega-3 fatty acids, healthy unsaturated fats that have been linked to lower blood levels of beta-amyloid — the protein that forms damaging clumps in the brains of people with Alzheimer's disease.

BERRIES





3. Flavonoids, the natural plant pigments that give berries their brilliant hues, also help improve memory, research shows.

TEA + COFFEE



4. Coffee and tea might offer more than just a short-term concentration boost. In a recent study, participants with higher caffeine consumption scored better on tests of mental function.

WALNUTS



5. Nuts are excellent sources of protein and healthy fats, and walnuts in particular might also improve memory, according to a study.

www.health.harvard.edu





Preventing Alzheimer's



✓ Healthy Foods →

 Current research shows evidence that people who follow the MIND diet might help reduce risk of developing Alzheimer's and a slower rate of cognitive decline

✓ Manage Blood Pressure →

 Meta-analysis concluded that managing blood pressure might help delay or even prevent Alzheimer's

✓ Manage Stress→

 Chronic stress can change the brain, affect memory, and increase risk for Alzheimer's

✓ Exercise →

 Observational studies have shown that exercise is associated with fewer Alzheimer's plaques and tangle in the brain









Fall Prevention



✓ Stairways →

Handrails on both sides of any stair Ensure good lighting Avoid throw rugs/small area rugs

✓ Bathrooms →

Grab bars near toilet Grab bars inside/outside shower

✓ Kitchen →

Keep frequently used items accessible Clean up spills immediately

✓ Bedrooms →

Put night lights or remotes close to bed Have a well-charged phone near your bed



Be Consistent No Electronics Cool & Dark



Breathe
Positive Affirmations
Gratitude Journal



Movement is Life! Get blood flowing, increasing circulation



Reduced risk of depression Less anxiety Greater self-esteem

Dealing with Fatigue, Pain, Frustration, or Isolation











30 min./day
(15 min. after first/last meal
of the day)
Aids in digestion &
improves sleep



Strength Training Corrective Exercise Fitness Center Tour



Soft Tissue Therapy Myofascial Release Rehabilitation



Try one of VW's many activities – water aerobics, pickleball, etc.

Maintaining Strength, Flexibility, & Endurance



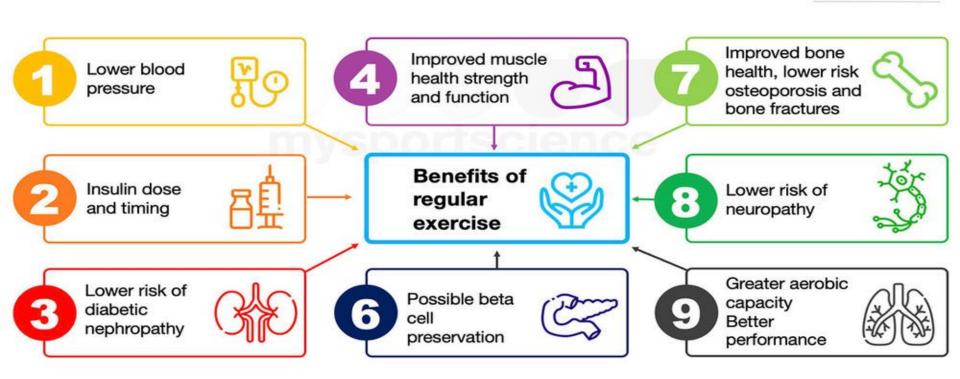






Benefits of exercise in individuals with Type 1 diabetes





Speak w/ PCP

Yearly physical, discuss current medications, possible ways to minimize or replace with something non-pharmacological



Talk with PCP/naturopath about beneficial vitamins, herbal remedies, and supplements



Pill Organizer Create a list with all medications, dosage amounts, and frequency



Establish a routine
Place reminder on fridge
or set alarm in phone

Managing Medications











Humans are social creatures – get involved Companion pets



Listen to Music Get Outside - walk, bike, take in scenery



Crossword Puzzles
Reading
Card Games



Wellness Checks
Call a friend/family member
Dog park

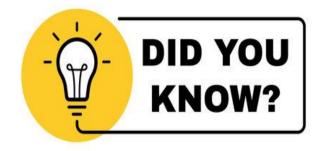
Managing Stress

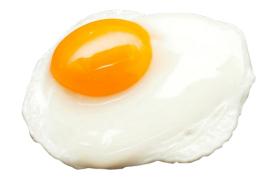












Eggs.

Eggs are a quick, high-quality protein and contain the anti-inflammatory nutrient choline. Choline is a component of acetylcholine, a key neurotransmitter involved in memory, mood and movement, and low choline levels are associated with higher anxiety levels. Eggs also contain anti-inflammatory nutrients that impact brain communication, like B12, selenium and zinc.

Cut Back

Alcohol/Caffeine
Saturated Fats
Carbohydrates
(breads/pastas/cereal)



"Leaky Gut" – leads to histamine response Bone Broth/Collagen Probiotics



Healthy Fats (avocado, salmon, olive oil) Grass Fed Meats Leafy Green Vegetables



Refined Carbohydrates (white bread/sweets) Soda/Sugary Beverages Unhealthy Fats (margarine, canola or soybean oil)

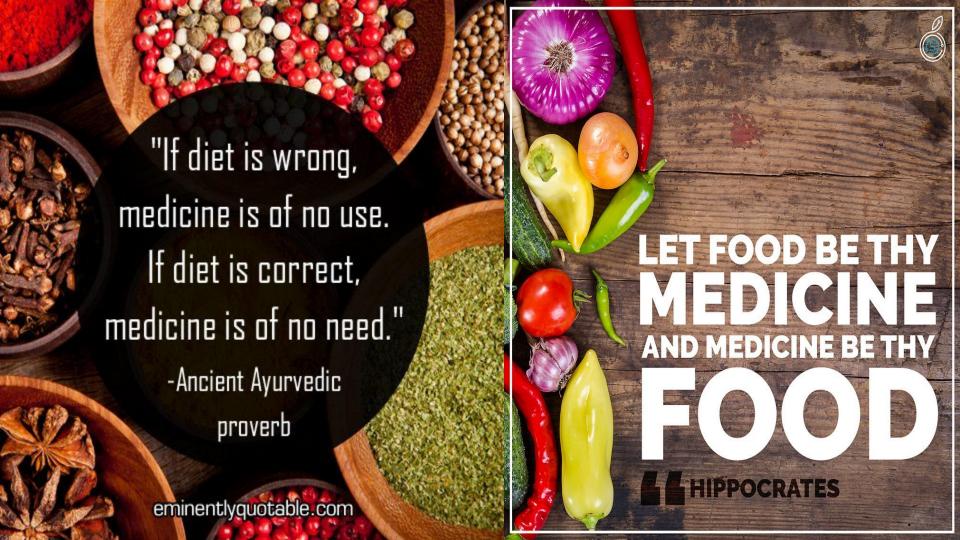
Eating Healthy



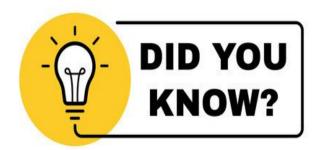












Good hydration linked to healthy aging.

New study from the NIH finds adults who stay well-hydrated develop fewer chronic diseases (lung and heart disease), and have decreased risks for advanced biological aging and premature death.

Whereas, adults who are not sufficiently hydrated may age faster, and could face a higher risk of chronic disease.

Link to Study

YOUR FUTURE IS CREATED BY WHAT YOUR DO TODAY } NOT TOMORROW'''

Wellness Checks



Peace of Mind.

Bridging the gap between long distance caregivers and their loved ones.

We conduct engaging and informed home visits with seniors to:

- Ensure the safety of loved ones
- Maintain health & wellness
- Help prevent and relieve social isolation
- Provide vital checks
- Assist with medication management

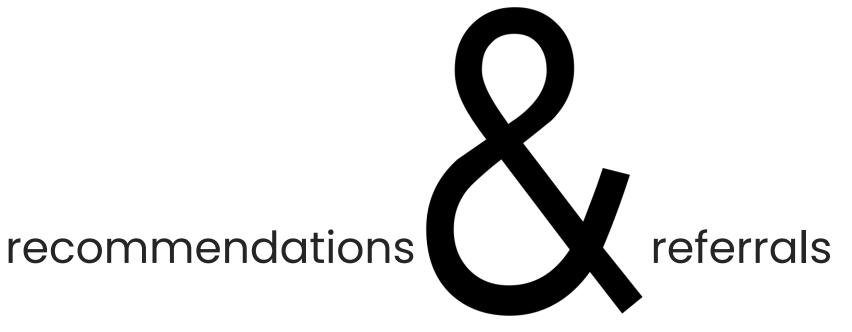
If you are interested in our bi-monthly magazine "Start Healthy" and/or our monthly newsletter, please scan the QR Code and complete the Google Form.









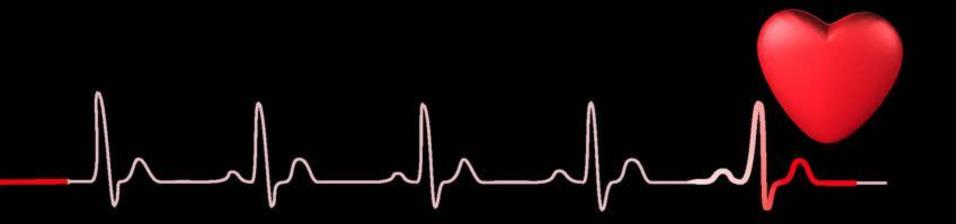


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THANK YOU!



EDITABLE ICONS

